DENARGO MARKET METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 City and County of Denver, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors

Denargo Market Metropolitan District No. 1

City and County of Denver, Colorado

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Denargo Market Metropolitan District No. 1 (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the
 aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going
 concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Daysio o Associates, P.C.

June 26, 2023



DENARGO MARKET METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$	231,884
Cash and Investments - Restricted		10,800
Due from District No. 2		4,046
Prepaid Insurance		14,577
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		3,640,343
Total Assets		3,901,650
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Payroll Taxes Payable Total Liabilities	_	52,092 398 52,490
NET POSITION		
Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:		3,640,343
Emergency Reserves		10,800
Unrestricted		198,017
Total Net Position	\$	3,849,160

DENARGO MARKET METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Charges for	Program Revenues Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position Governmental
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Primary Government: Government Activities:	4 500 500	•			. (00.040)
General Government	\$ 586,780	\$ -	\$ 356,162	\$ 134,400	\$ (96,218)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 586,780	\$ -	\$ 356,162	\$ 134,400	(96,218)
	GENERAL REVE Interest Income Other Revenue Total Ger	e			3,272 462 3,734
	CHANGE IN NET	T POSITION			(92,484)
	Net Position - Be	ginning of Year			3,941,644
	NET POSITION	- END OF YEAR			\$ 3,849,160

DENARGO MARKET METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	 General	Capital Projects	_	Total ernmental Funds
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Due from District No. 2 Prepaid Expense	\$ 127,756 10,800 4,046 14,577	\$ 104,128 - - -	\$	231,884 10,800 4,046 14,577
Total Assets	\$ 157,179	\$ 104,128	\$	261,307
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Payroll Taxes Payable Total Liabilities	\$ 49,617 398 50,015	\$ 2,475 - 2,475	\$	52,092 398 52,490
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable for: Prepaid Expenses	14,577	_		14,577
Restricted for: Emergency Reserves Assigned to: Capital Projects	10,800	- 101,653		10,800 101,653
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	81,787 107,164	101,653		81,787 208,817
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 157,179	\$ 104,128		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.			;	3,640,343
Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$:	3,849,160

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are the same as above.

DENARGO MARKET METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	(General		Capital ^O rojects		Total ernmental Funds
REVENUES	•	0.070	•		•	0.070
Interest Income	\$	3,272	\$	-	\$	3,272
Other Revenue		462		-		462
Permit Fees		24,839		-		24,839
Transfer from District No. 2		331,323		- 		331,323
Impact Fees		_		134,400		134,400
Total Revenues		359,896		134,400		494,296
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Accounting		35,038		-		35,038
Auditing		8,500		-		8,500
City of Denver Annual Fee		6,000		-		6,000
Director's Fees		2,600		-		2,600
District Management		51,894		-		51,894
Dues and Licenses		1,297		-		1,297
Election Expense		2,348		-		2,348
Insurance and Bonds		12,890		-		12,890
Landscape and Irrigation Repairs		2,965		-		2,965
Landscape and Options		19,580		-		19,580
Legal Services		45,072		-		45,072
Locates		9,950		-		9,950
Miscellaneous		37,007		-		37,007
Payroll Taxes		199		-		199
Repairs and Maintenance		2,295		-		2,295
Security		2,680		-		2,680
Site Lighting		1,192		-		1,192
Site Inspection		59,472		-		59,472
Snow Removal		76,107		-		76,107
Utilities		4,260		-		4,260
Capital Projects:						
Engineering		_		674		674
Legal Services		-		17,073		17,073
Miscellaneous				15,000		15,000
Total Expenditures		381,346		32,747		414,093
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(21,450)		101,653		80,203
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		128,614				128,614
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	107,164	\$	101,653	\$	208,817

DENARGO MARKET METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 80,203

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation/amortization expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset. Therefore, this is the amount of capital outlay, net of depreciation/amortization, in the current period.

Depreciation Expense (172,687)

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (92,484)

DENARGO MARKET METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original and Final Actual Budget Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES Interest Income	\$	1,000	\$	3,272	\$	2,272
Other Revenue	Φ	1,000	Φ	3,272 462	Φ	462
Permit Fees		5,000		24,839		19,839
Transfer from District No. 2		328,738		331,323		2,585
Total Revenues		334,738		359,896		25,158
Total Novollado		001,700		000,000		20,100
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Accounting		35,000		35,038		(38)
Auditing		9,000		8,500		500
City of Denver Annual Fee		6,000		6,000		_
Contingency		12,400		´ -		12,400
Detention Pond Cleanup		10,000		_		10,000
Director's Fees		2,500		2,600		(100)
District Management		57,000		51,894		5,106
Dues and Licenses		1,300		1,297		3
Election Expense		2,300		2,348		(48)
Insurance and Bonds		11,800		12,890		(1,090)
Landscape and Irrigation Repairs		35,000		2,965		32,035
Landscape and Options		55,000		19,580		35,420
Legal Services		35,000		45,072		(10,072)
Locates		3,500		9,950		(6,450)
Miscellaneous		2,500		37,007		(34,507)
Payroll Taxes		200		199		(04,507)
Repairs and Maintenance		25,000		2,295		22,705
Security		7,500		2,680		4,820
Site Lighting		5,000		1,192		3,808
Site Inspection		24,000		59,472		(35,472)
Snow Removal		25,000		76,107		(51,107)
Street Sweeping		1,000		70,107		1,000
Streets and Sidewalk		27,000		_		27,000
Utilities		15,000		4,260		10,740
Total Expenditures		408,000		381,346		26,654
rotal Experiationes		+00,000		001,040	-	20,004
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		(73,262)		(21,450)		51,812
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		88,195		128,614		40,419
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	14,933	\$	107,164	\$	92,231

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Organization

Denargo Market Metropolitan District No. 1 (the District, District No. 1, or Management District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado was organized by recorded order and decree of the District Court for the City and County of Denver (the City) on June 30, 2010, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operates under a Service Plan approved by the City on March 8, 2010 and Amended on March 30, 2023. The District's service boundaries are located entirely within the City. The District is one of three related districts: Denargo Market Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1, 2, and 3 (the Districts). As of December 31, 2022, the Districts have the same membership of their respective Boards of Directors. Pursuant to the Service Plan, Districts Nos. 2 and 3 are referred to as the Financing Districts or Taxing Districts and District No. 1 is the Management District.

The District, in its capacity as the Management District, is responsible for managing, implementing, and coordinating the financing, acquisition, construction, completion, operation and maintenance of all public infrastructure and services within and without the project known as Denargo Market. The Financing Districts provide the funding for the improvements and the tax base needed to support ongoing operations of the Districts.

The Taxing Districts are responsible for supporting the Management District in managing, implementing and coordinating the financing, acquisition, construction, completion, and maintenance of the Improvements (as defined in the Service Plan), some of which may ultimately be transferred to the City or other governmental entity, and the provision of related services within and without the boundaries of the Districts and the Service Area (as defined in the Service Plan).

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable to any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization (Continued)

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and intergovernmental revenues. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

This District has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported by the District. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress and are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated economic useful lives:

Streets	30 Years
Sidewalks	30 Years
Street Lights	30 Years
Parks	30 Years

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 231,884
Cash and Investments - Restricted	10,800
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 242,684

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 17,469
Investments	225,215
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 242,684

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District had a bank balance of \$17,746 and a carrying balance of \$17,469.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

The District has adopted an investment policy by which it follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	/	Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset	Weighted-Average		_
Trust (COLOTRUST)	Under 60 Days	_\$	225,215

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

COLOTRUST

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investing Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST EDGE is rated AAAf/S1 by FitchRatings. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

The District holds all its investments in the COLOTRUST PLUS+ portfolio.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022, follows:

	Balance - December 31, 2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance - December 31, 2022
Capital Assets, Being	2021	moreases	Deoreuses	
Depreciated				
Streets	\$ 2,542,371	-	-	\$ 2,542,371
Parks	2,638,235			2,638,235
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	5,180,606	_	_	5,180,606
Depreciated	3,100,000	-	-	3,100,000
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
For:				
Streets	(677,968)	(84,746)	-	(762,714)
Parks	(689,608)	(87,941)		(777,549)
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	(1,367,576)	(172,687)		(1,540,263)
Total Capital Assets, Being				
Depreciated, Net	3,813,030	(172,687)		3,640,343
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,813,030	\$ (172,687)	\$ -	\$ 3,640,343
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NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged for functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities

\$ 172,687

NOTE 5 AUTHORIZED DEBT

On May 4, 2010, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$256,155,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 18% per annum. On May 6, 2014, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$307,386,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 18% per annum. On May 2, 2023, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$1,136,000,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 18%. At December 31, 2022, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	Amount Authorized on	Amount Authorized on	Series 2010	Amount Authorized on	Authorized But
- ·	May 4, 2010	May 6, 2014	Subordinate Note	May 2, 2023	Unissued
Streets	\$ 25,615,500	\$ 25,615,500	\$ -	\$ 142,000,000	\$ 193,231,000
Parks and Recreation	25,615,500	25,615,500	-	142,000,000	193,231,000
Water	25,615,500	25,615,500	-	142,000,000	193,231,000
Sanitation	25,615,500	25,615,500	-	142,000,000	193,231,000
Transportation	25,615,500	25,615,500	-	142,000,000	193,231,000
Mosquito Control	25,615,500	25,615,500	-	142,000,000	193,231,000
Traffic and Safety Controls	25,615,500	25,615,500	-	142,000,000	193,231,000
Operations and Maintenance	25,615,500	25,615,500	-	142,000,000	193,231,000
Refundings	25,615,500	25,615,500	-	142,000,000	193,231,000
Intergovernmental Agreements	25,615,500	25,615,500	-	142,000,000	193,231,000
Television Relay and Translation	-	25,615,500	-	-	25,615,500
Security Services and Improvements	-	25,615,500	-	142,000,000	167,615,500
Debt Issuances			(7,191,918)		(7,191,918)
Total	\$ 256,155,000	\$ 307,386,000	\$ (7,191,918)	\$1,562,000,000	\$2,118,349,082

Pursuant to the Amended Service Plan, the District is permitted to issue bonded indebtedness of up to \$142,000,000; provided however, that the total debt authorization of \$142,000,000 may increase by an additional \$5,000,000 with the prior written approval of the Manager of Finance of the City and County of Denver.

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

NOTE 6 DISTRICT AGREEMENTS

Memorandum of Understanding

A Memorandum of Understanding was entered into on October 29, 2010, and amended on August 22, 2016, by and among the District, District No. 2 and District No. 3 (MOU). The MOU acknowledges that District No. 1 shall provide for the financing, construction, design, operation and maintenance of the Improvements, as well as the overall administration of the Districts and further acknowledges that the District has the authority to enter into agreement(s) and other obligations with the developer of the Property to provide for the financing of such services. The First Amendment to MOU acknowledges District No. 2 will issue debt to repay the Developer Note (which has since been paid off) and District No. 2 and District No. 3 (at such time as it has real property within its boundaries) will impose an operation mill levy to fund the Districts' services provided by the District. The First Amendment to MOU acknowledges that the Districts will enter into an IGA detailing such services (District IGA).

The First Amendment to MOU also provides that the District IGA shall provide for District No. 2 and District No. 3 to remit revenues to the District for all costs incurred by the District pursuant to the First Amendment to MOU based on an allocable basis to be set forth in the District IGA. The District IGA also provides for the District and District No. 3 to reimburse District No. 2 for any debt issued by District No. 2 for public improvements based in allocable basis to be set forth in the District IGA.

During the year ending December 31, 2022, District No. 2 transferred a total of \$331,323 representing property and specific ownership taxes collected by District No. 2.

2022-2025 Operation Funding Agreement

On October 11, 2022, the District and Developer entered into the 2022-2025 Operation Funding Agreement (OFA). Pursuant to the OFA, Developer agreed to advance funds (Developer Advance) up to \$100,000 towards the District's operations, maintenance and administrative expenses incurred for fiscal years 2022 through 2025. Simple interest shall accrue on each Developer Advance from the date of deposit into the District's account or from the date of direct payment by Developer, until paid in full, at the rate of 8% per annum. Developer's obligation to make any Developer Advances expires on December 31, 2025. Any Developer Advance not reimbursed by the District to Developer by December 31, 2062 shall be deemed to be forever discharged and satisfied in full.

NOTE 6 DISTRICT AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2022-2025 Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement

On October 11, 2022, the District and Developer entered into the 2022-2025 Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement (FFAA). Pursuant to the FFAA, Developer agreed to fund up to \$25,000,000 towards Construction Related Expenses, including Improvements (both as defined in the FFAA). The Developer shall provide certain documents and materials to the District as set forth in the FFAA before requesting that any Improvements be acquired by the District. Simple interest shall accrue on Construction Related Expenses at the rate of 8% per annum from the date of deposit into the District's account until paid in full. Payments by the District to Developer shall credit first against accrued and unpaid interest and then to the principal amount due. Developer's obligation to pay any Construction Related Expenses expires on December 31, 2025. Any Construction Related Expenses not reimbursed by the District to Developer by December 31, 2062 shall be deemed to be forever discharged and satisfied in full.

NOTE 7 NET POSITION

The District has a net position consisting of two components – investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, if any. As of December 31, 2022, the District had investment in capital assets calculated as follows:

	Governmental Activities		
Investment in Capital Assets:			
Capital Assets, Net	\$	3,640,343	
Investment in Capital Assets	\$	3,640,343	

Restricted net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulation of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2022 as follows:

Restricted Net Position:	
Emergency Reserves	\$ 10,800
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 10,800

NOTE 8 RELATED PARTY

Some members of the Board of Directors of the District may be or have been employees, consultants, owners of, or otherwise associated with the current developer of the property located within the Districts, JV Denargo LLC (Current Developer), and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District. Specific details of transactions with the Current Developer regarding advances and debt are described elsewhere in these footnotes.

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets, errors or omissions, injuries to employees, or natural disasters.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for general and automobile liability, public officials, auto physical damage and worker's compensation coverage. In the event aggregate losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds, which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool, may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR) contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On May 4, 2010 and May 6, 2014, the voters approved the District to increase property taxes \$3,000,000 annually for the purpose of paying the District's operations and maintenance expenses and \$6,000,000 (up to 10 mills) for paying the costs associated with regional improvements as required by the City, without regard to any spending, revenue raising or other limitation contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution or any other property tax limitation or law.

Additionally, the voters authorized the District to collect, retain and spend all revenues received by the District during 2011 and all subsequent years as voter-approved revenue changes without regard to any spending, revenue raising or other limitation.

On May 2, 2023, the voters approved the District to increase property taxes \$5,000,000 annually for the purpose of paying the District's operations and maintenance expenses up and \$6,000,000 (up to 10 mills) for paying the costs associated with regional improvements as required by the City, without regard to any spending, revenue raising or other limitation contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution or any other property tax limitation or law.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits and qualification as an Enterprise will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DENARGO MARKET METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budget Amounts				Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES						_		
Impact Fees	\$	-	\$	134,400	\$	134,400	\$	
Total Revenues		-		134,400		134,400		-
EXPENDITURES								
Contingency		-		38,500		-		38,500
Engineering		-		1,500		674		826
Legal		-		20,000		17,073		2,927
Miscellaneous		_		15,000		15,000		
Total Expenditures				75,000		32,747		42,253
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		-		59,400		101,653		(42,253)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year								
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$	59,400	\$	101,653	\$	